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The Manufactures Alliance



















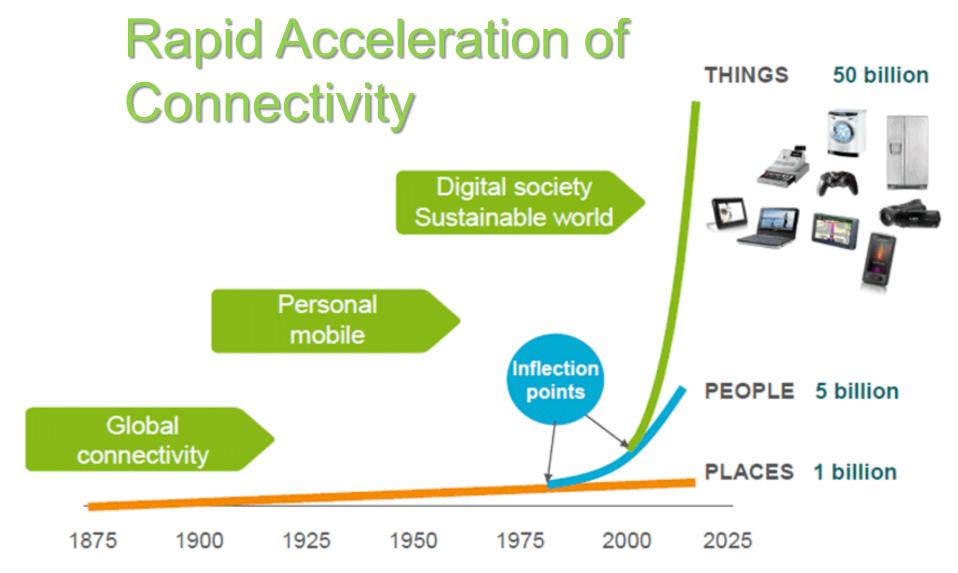
KEY INITIATIVES

- » Individual Learning & Memberships
- » Leader Learning & Services
- » Digital Content Creation & Delivery
- » Workforce Solutions & Partnerships
- » Apprenticeships & Pre-Apprenticeships
- » Statewide Advocacy & Service Networks



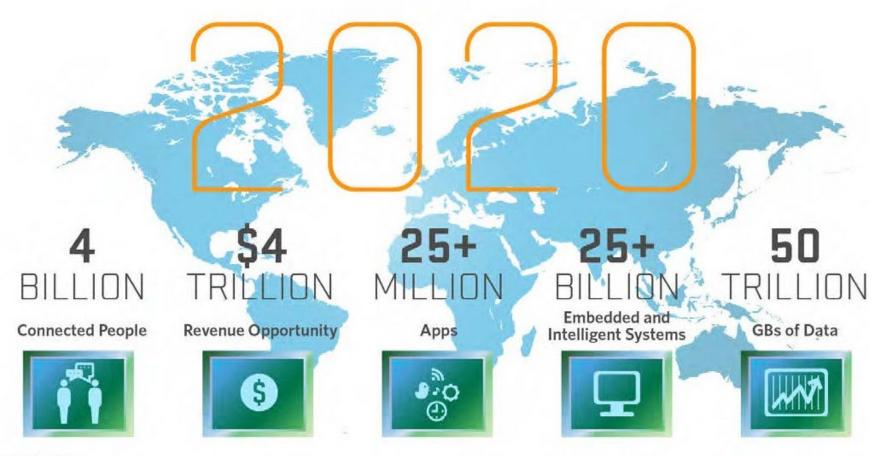
Economic Expansion

"longest in U.S. history"



Source: Ericsson AB, "Infrastructure Innovation - Can the Challenge be met?," Sept 2010

Internet of Things

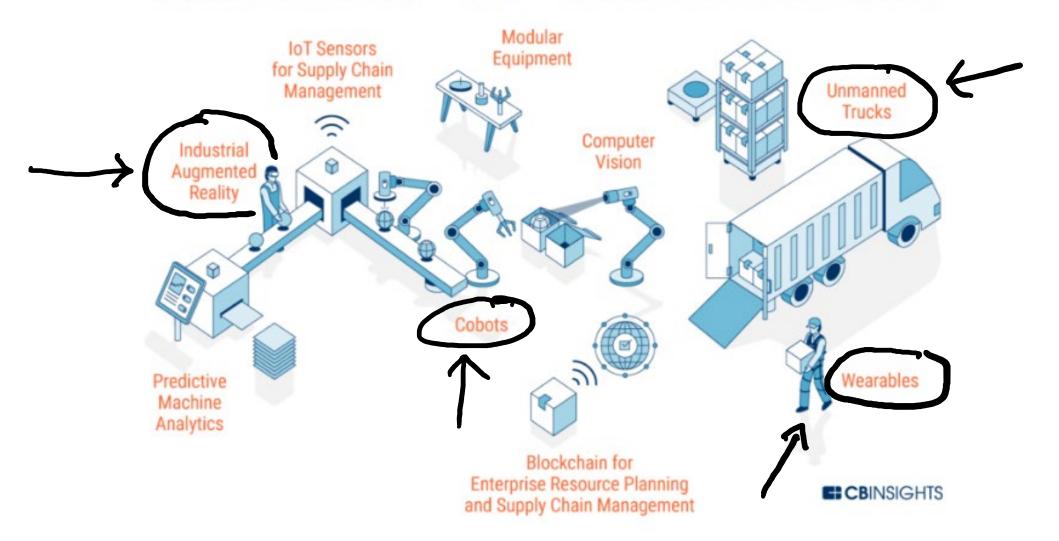


Source: Mario Morales, IDC

The Future Exists Now -

It's Just Not Widely Distributed

FACTORY OF THE FUTURE

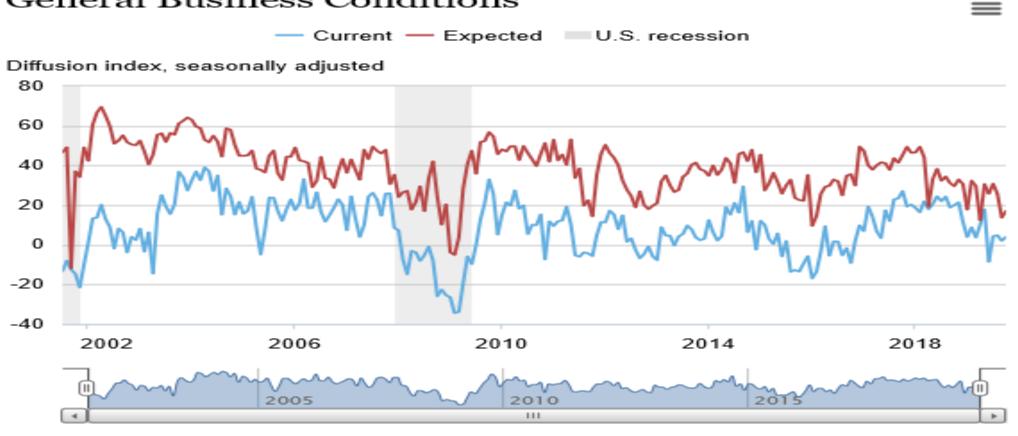


Top Ten Trends in Manufacturing

- Workforce is Tech Savy and Diverse
- Manufacturing as Service
- IoT Explosion and 5G Assimilation
- Cyber Security
- Industry-University Collaboration
- Supply Chain Leveraging and Blockchain
- AR and VR Growth
- Data Analytics, Al and Machine Learning
- Shifting Focus from B2B to B2B2C
- Reshoring and Increase in Made in USA



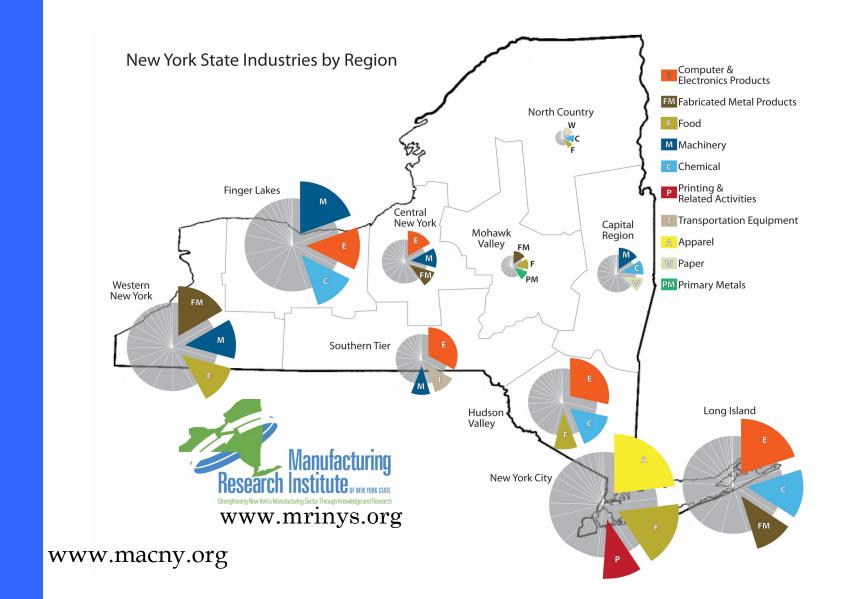
General Business Conditions





New York Manufacturing

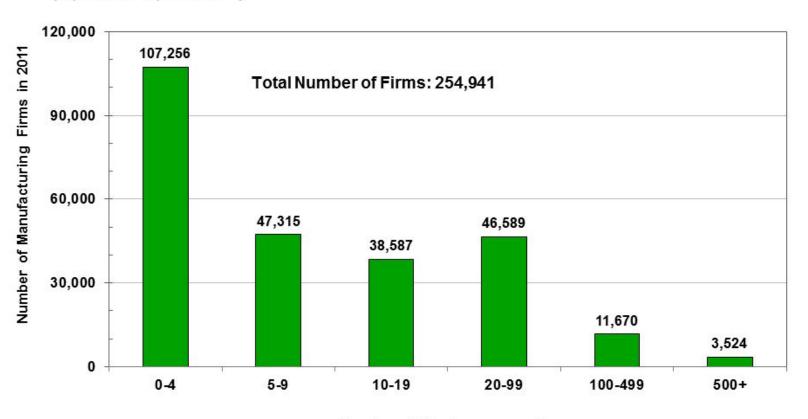






Manufacturing Firms by Number of Employees

(Updated April 2014)



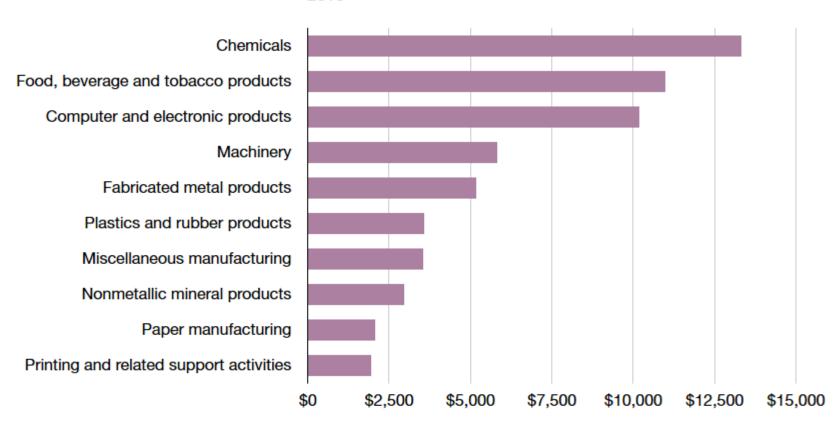
Number of Employees per Firm



Source(s): U.S. Census Bureau and MAPI



Top 10 New York Manufacturing Sectors, in Millions of Dollars, 2016



Source: NAM



NAM MANUFACTURERS' OUTLOOK SURVEY THIRD QUARTER 2019

SEPTEMBER 23, 2019

Percentage of Respondents Positive	Overall Facts About the Survey
About Their Own Company's Outlook	Number of Responses: 448
	In the Field: August 20 to September 4, 2019
67.9%	
(June: 79.8%)	Small Manufacturers: 91 responses
	Medium-Sized Manufacturers: 189 responses
	Large Manufacturers: 168 responses
Small Manufacturers: 64.8% (June: 85.2%)	NAM Manufacturing Outlook Index ¹
Medium-Sized Manufacturers: 74.1% (June: 79.5%)	45.2
Large Manufacturers: 62.5% (June: 76.1%)	45.2
	(June: 53.3, revised)
Expected Growth Rate for SALES	Expected Growth Rate for PRODUCTION
Over the Next 12 Months	Over the Next 12 Months
↑ 2.1%	↑ 1.8%
(June ↑ 3.4%)	(June: ↑ 3.4%)
Expected Growth Rate for FULL-TIME EMPLOYMENT	Expected Growth Rate for EMPLOYEE WAGES
Over the Next 12 Months	Over the Next 12 Months
↑ 0.9%	↑ 2.0%
(June: ↑ 1.6%)	(June: ↑ 2.3%)
Expected Growth Rate for CAPITAL INVESTMENTS	Expected Growth Rate for EXPORTS
Over the Next 12 Months	Over the Next 12 Months
↑ 1.1%	↑ 0.2%
(June: ↑ 2.2%)	(June: ↑ 0.4%)
Expected Growth Rate for PRICES OF COMPANY'S	Expected Growth Rate for RAW MATERIAL PRICES
PRODUCTS Over the Next 12 Months	AND OTHER INPUT COSTS Over the Next 12 Months
↑ 1.7%	↑ 2.4%
(June: ↑ 2.0%)	(June: ↑ 3.1%)
Expected Growth Rate for <u>INVENTORIES</u>	Expected Growth Rate for <u>HEALTH INSURANCE COSTS</u>
Over the Next 12 Months	Over the Next 12 Months
↓ 0.8%	↑ 6.2%
(June: ↓ 0.1)	(June: ↑ 6.5%)

Attracting and retaining a quality workforce 69.9% Trade uncertainties. 63.4% Rising health care/insurance costs 51.8% Weaker domestic economy and sales for our products 45.3% Increased raw material costs 41.7% Weaker global growth and slower export sales 34.2% Transportation and logistics costs 27.0% Strengthened U.S. dollar relative to other currencies 25.9% Unfavorable business climate (e.g., taxes, regulations) 19.9% Understanding business impact of new technologies 15.4% Challenges with access to capital 4.5% Source: NAM

Figure 3: Primary Current Business Challenges, Third Quarter 2019

Note: Respondents were able to check more than one response; therefore, responses exceed 100 percent.

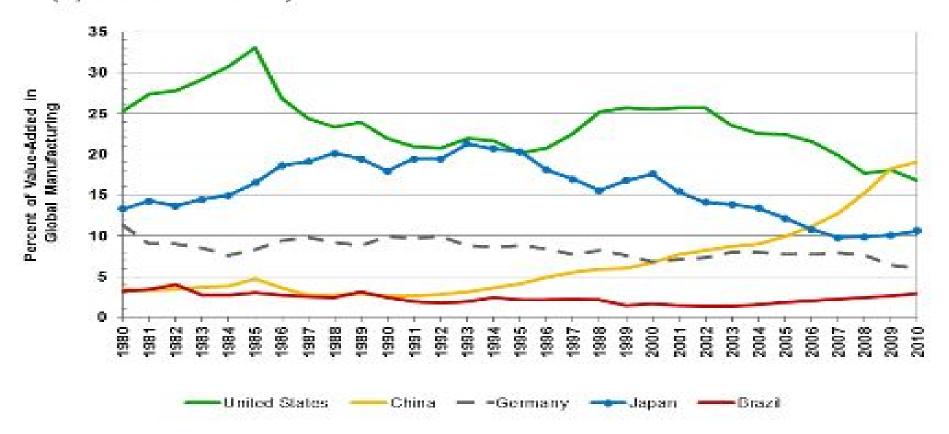
Creating or expanding internal training programs 69.9% Working existing workforce more 67.6% Utilizing temporary staffing services 58.7% Collaborating with educational institutions on skills 55.0% certification programs Encouraging possible retirees to stay longer in their roles 34.7% Working with local employment office 26.1% Considering moving operations to another location 13.2% 5.4% Other Uncertain 2.6% Source: NAM

Figure 5: How Firms Are Addressing the Skills Shortage, Third Quarter 2019

Note: Respondents were able to check more than one response; therefore, responses exceed 100 percent.

According to the World Bank, U.S. and China are Comparable

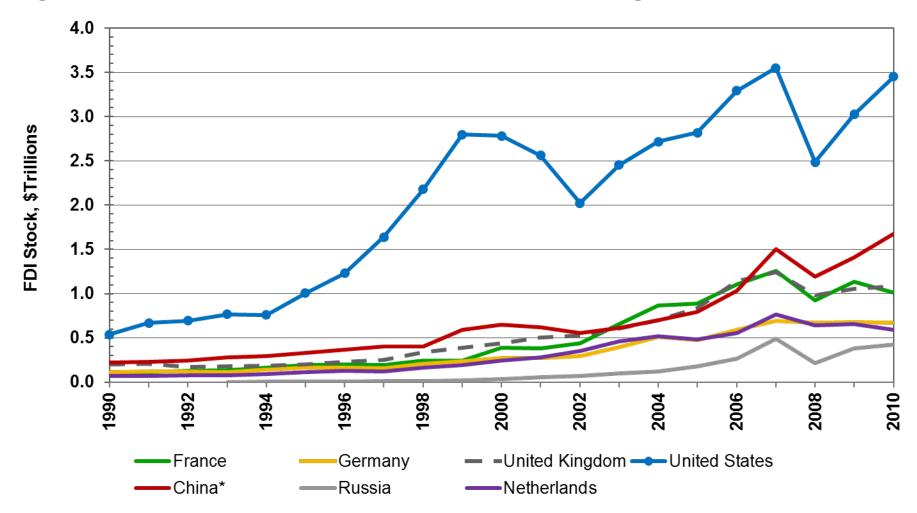
(Updated March 2014)



Source(s): World Bank, WDI and GDF databases and MAPI



Figure 35 – The U.S. Is the #1 Destination for Foreign Direct Investment



^{*} Includes Hong Kong Source(s): UNCTAD World Investment Report



4 Trends Shaping Advanced Manufacturing

- The World as the Market
- Technology Explosion
- Brains Not Brawn
- Clusters of Industries





The World as the Market







Instruments of Trade Control

Tariff Barriers

- Import tariffs
- Export Tariffs
- Transit Tariffs

Non – Tariff Barriers

- Subsidies
- Tied Aids
- · Minimum Sale Price
- Quotas
- Embargoes
- Buy Local Legislation
- Specific Permissions Required



Figure 32 – Manufacturing Still Dominates U.S. Exports, But Its Share Is Declining

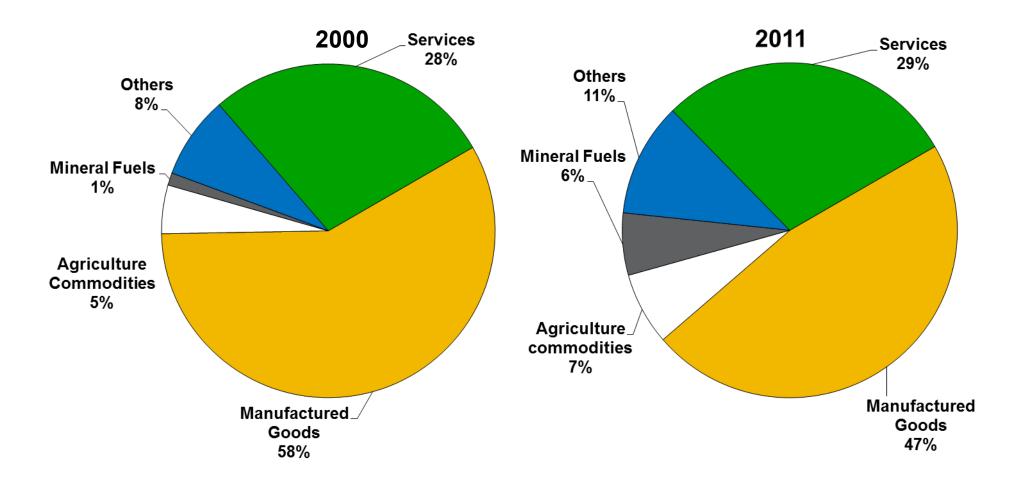
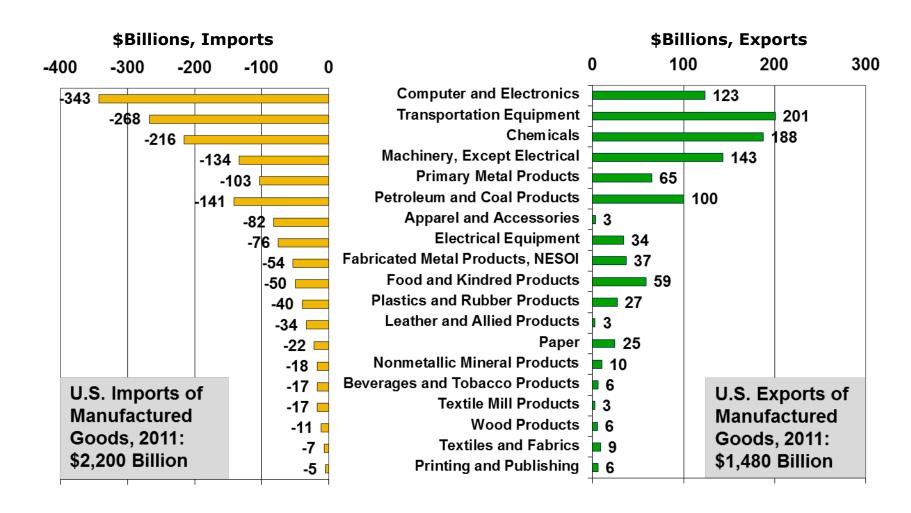
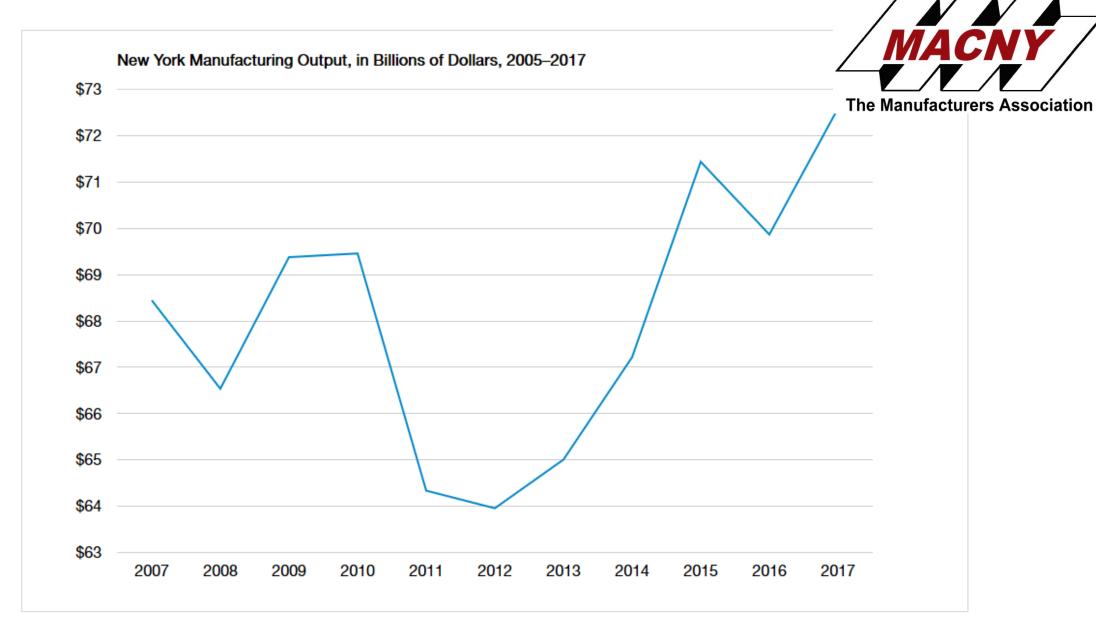




Figure 65 – A Few Core Industries Dominate Foreign Trade in Manufacturers











In Brief: New York's Manufacturing Trade and Employment Data \$73 Billion in Total Manufacturing Output (2017)

Total Manufactured Goods Exports:

\$63 billion

To World (2018)

\$12 billion

To Canada/Mexico (2018)

Manufacturing Firms:

15,304

Total Manufacturing Firms (2015)

3,657

Manufacturing Firms Exporting to Canada/Mexico

Employment:

443,800

Total Manufacturing Employment (2018) 21,158

Manufacturing Employment Tied to Exports to Canada/ Mexico **Average Annual Compensation:**

\$74,579

Manufacturing (2016)

\$60,079

Nonfarm Business (2016)

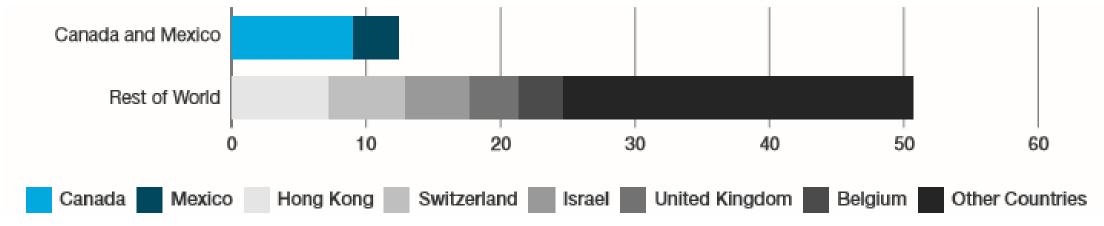
Source: NAM analysis of data reported by the U.S. Department of Commerce





Canada and Mexico purchase nearly one-fifth of New York's total global manufacturing exports

New York Manufactured Goods Exports, in Billions of U.S. Dollars, 2018



Source: U.S. Department of Commerce

New York's Top Exports to Canada and Mexico: chemicals; other nonferrous metals; engine, turbine and power transmission equipment; paper products; food and beverages; miscellaneous manufactured commodities; aluminum; fabricated metal products; motor vehicle parts; computer equipment.





50% BIGGER

New York's engine, turbine and power transmission equipment exports to Canada and Mexico have increased by nearly 50 percent over the last decade.

20% BIGGER

New York's food and beverages exports to Canada and Mexico have increased by more than 20 percent over the last decade.

SMEs = WINNERS

New York's small- and medium-sized businesses comprise 84 percent of the state's exporters of machinery to Canada and Mexico, and 85 percent of the state's exporters of food products to Canada and Mexico.

ONE OUT OF FOUR

New York Manufacturing Firms Export to Canada and Mexico

- 3,657 firms
- 82 percent are small- and medium-sized businesses supporting local economies

MORE THAN 21,100

New York Manufacturing Jobs Depend on Manufacturing Exports to Canada and Mexico

- Export-dependent jobs are usually full time, pay higherthan-average wages and offer real career opportunities to middle-class workers.
- New York manufacturing workers make on average \$74,579 in total annual compensation compared to \$60,079 for workers across all private nonfarm industries.



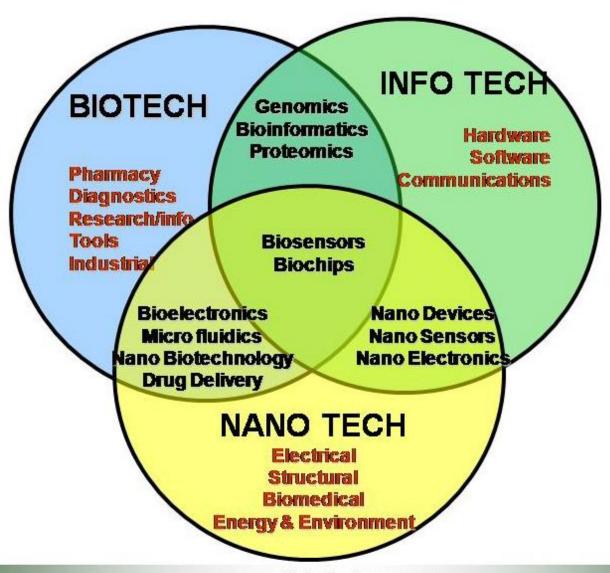


Technology Explosion



CONVERGENCE OF TECHNOLOGIES

BIO-INFO-NANO

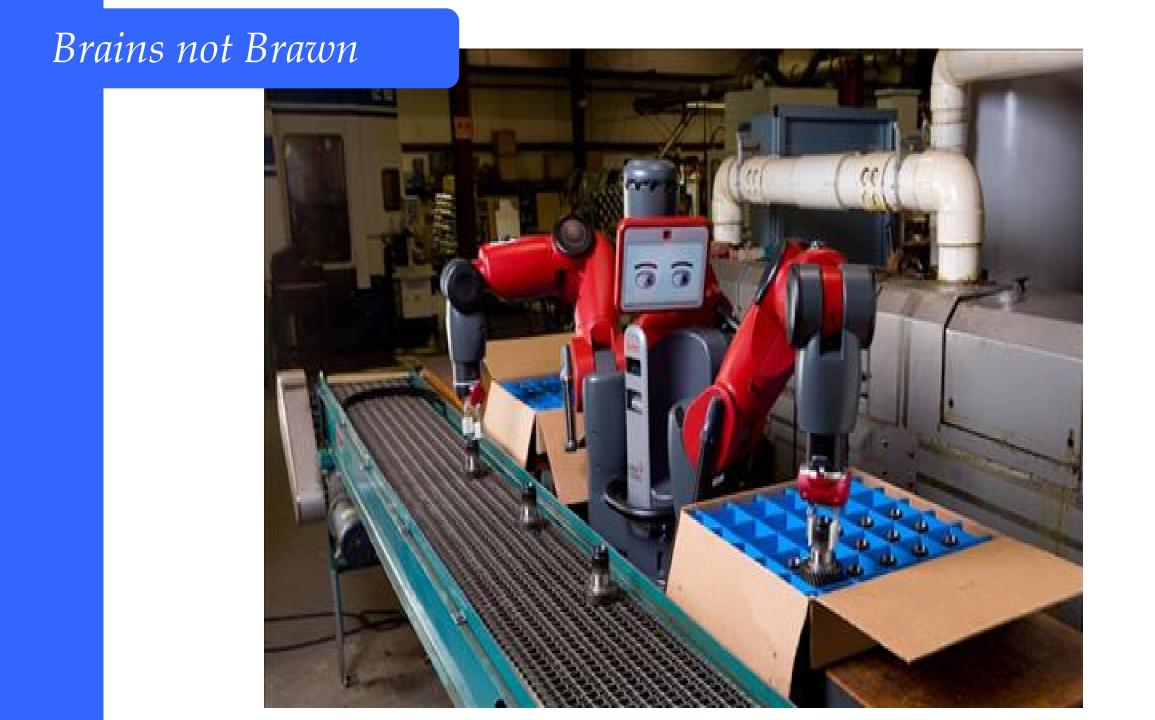


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Brains not Brawn





Talent has never been more important!

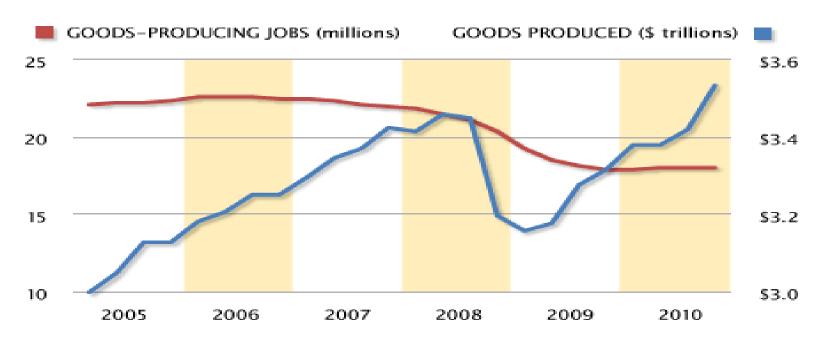
Skill most desired by Global CEO's – Creativity!

Every Job is Changing

Where have all the jobs gone?

Missing manufacturing jobs

Despite a strong rebound in manufacturing industries since the recession, hiring has not kept pace.



SOURCE: BEA, BLS msnbc.com

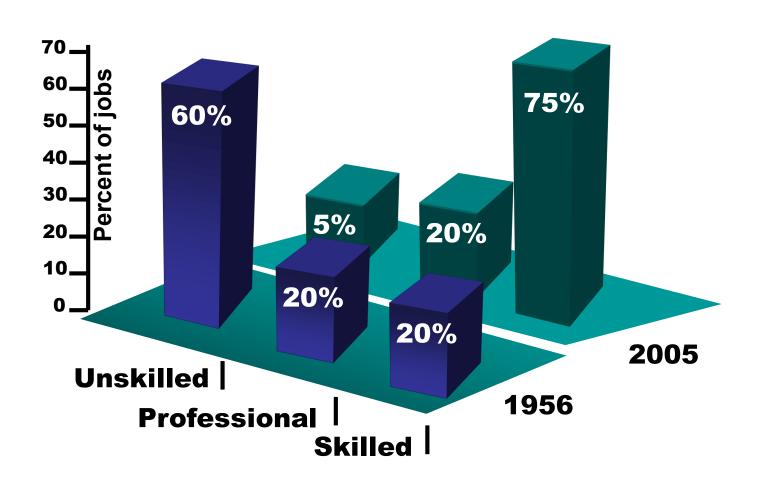
*

Average Weekly Wage by Industry, 4th Quarter 2018

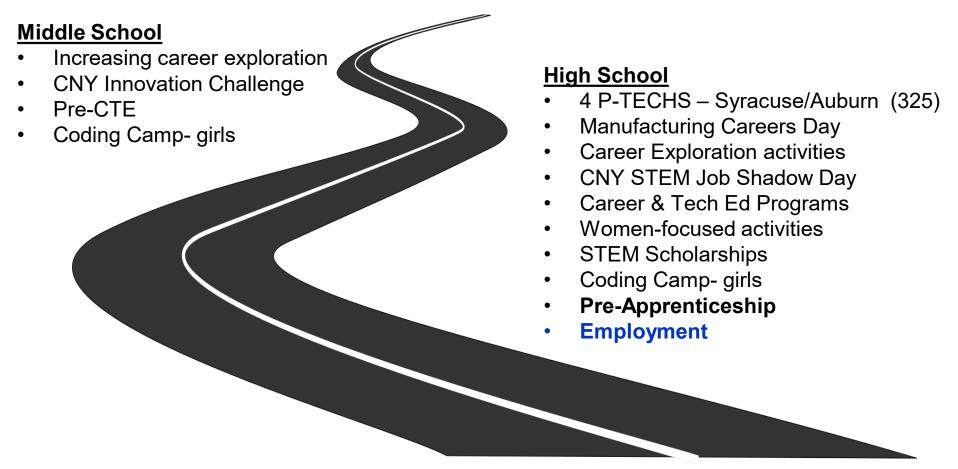


^{*} The Syracuse MSA includes Onondaga, Madison & Oswego counties.

Workforce Skills Level Needed



Our Pathways approach...



Supports

- Annual Awards Program- June 12
- MACNY Newsletter/Website
- CNY STEM Hub/CNY Tech Sector
- Mentoring/Career Coaching at all levels

Post-secondary/Career

- STEM Scholars Connection
- Internships
- Employment- JOB SIGNING DAY
- Apprenticeships



Clusters of Industries



What are Clusters?



Clusters are geographic concentrations of interconnected businesses, suppliers, service providers, and associated institutions in a particular sector.

As defined by The Brookings Institution,



What is a Cluster?



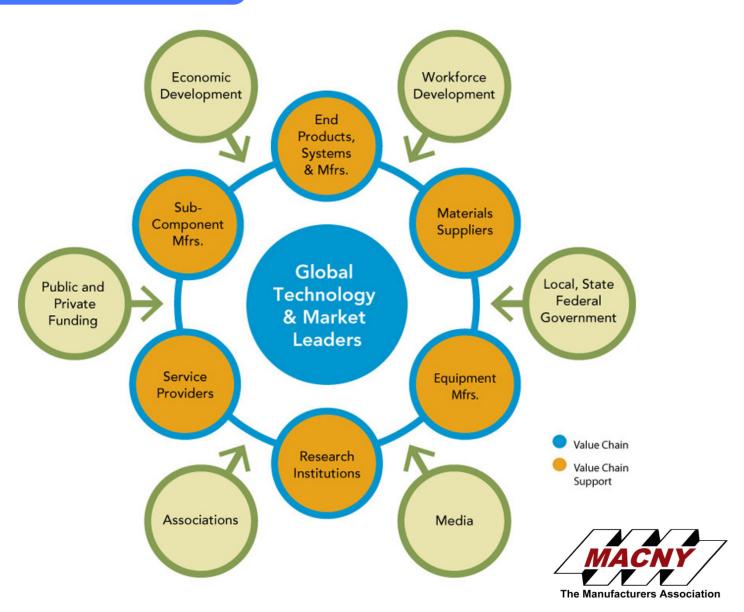
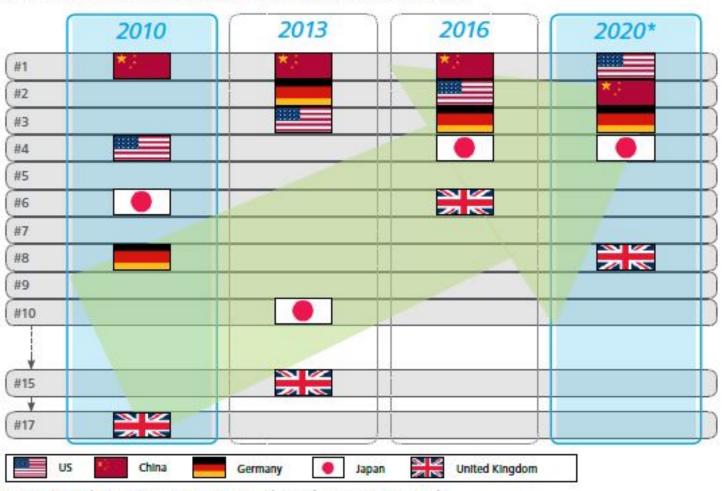








Figure 1: Global CEO survey: Manufacturing powerhouse rank trending and future forecast



Source: Deloitte and US Council on Competitiveness, 2016 Global Manufacturing Competitiveness Index * represents projected 2020 ranks



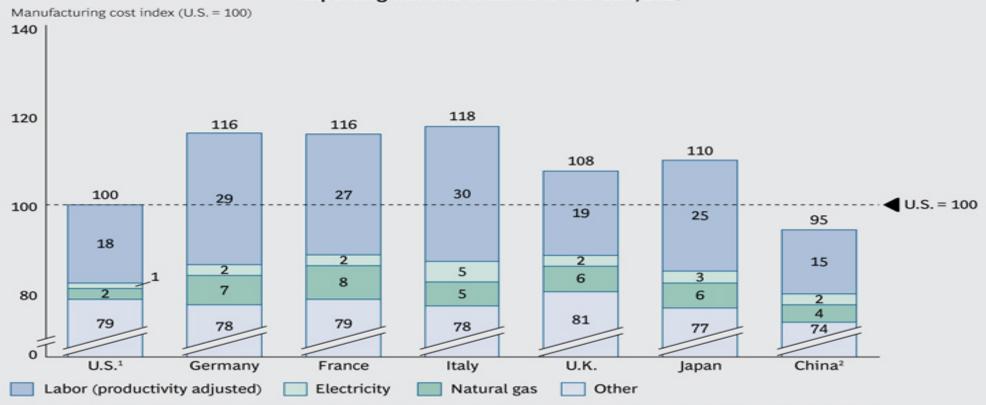
US as Low Cost?



The Manufacturers Association

EXHIBIT 1 | Labor and Energy Cost Advantages Will Make the U.S. One of the Developed World's Lowest-Cost Countries

Average projected manufacturing cost structures of the major exporting nations relative to the U.S., 2015



Sources: U.S. Economic Census; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis; International Labour Organization.

Note: Cost structures were calculated as a weighted average across all industries. No difference was assumed in "other" costs (e.g., raw materials inputs and machine and tool depreciation). Differences in values are a function of the industry mix of each exporting country.

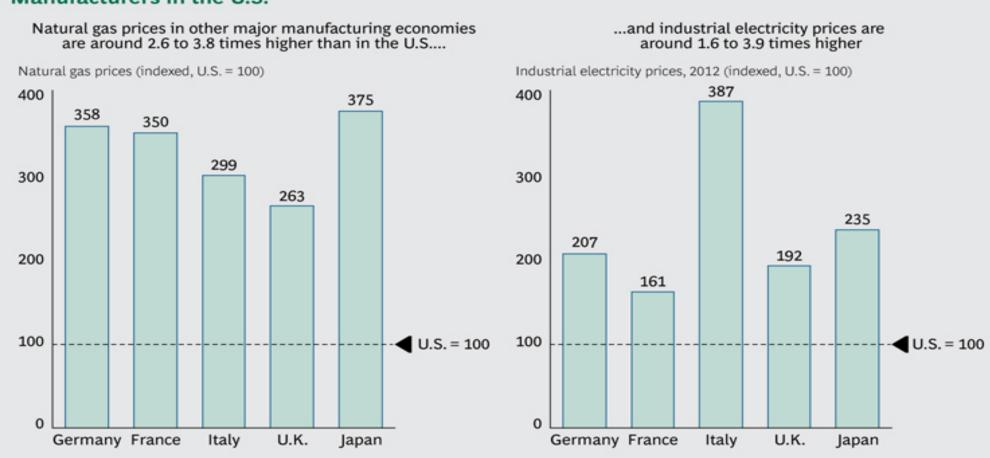
1U.S. figures represent costs in a set of select lower-cost states specified in previous publications.

²Chinese figures represent the Yangtze River Delta region.

Abundant Natural Gas



EXHIBIT 3 | Abundant Natural Gas Has Led to a Large Energy-Cost Advantage for Domestic Manufacturers in the U.S.



Sources: International Energy Agency quarterly energy price and tax statistics; BCG analysis.

Note: Energy prices based on 2012 averages.





Linking drivers of competitiveness and country performance

Table 6: Global CEO survey: Focus country performance by key competitiveness drivers

Selected country manufacturing competitiveness drivers		United States	Germany	Japan	South Korea	* China	⊕ India
1	TALENT	89.5	97.4	88.7	64.9	55.5	51.5
•	INNOVATION POLICY AND INFRASTRUCTURE	98.7	93.9	87.8	65.4	47.1	32.8
	COST COMPETITIVENESS	39.3	37.2	38.1	59.5	96.3	83.5
†	ENERGY POLICY	68.9	66.0	62.3	50.1	40.3	25.7
H	PHYSICAL INFRASTRUCTURE	90.8	100.0	89.9	69.2	55.7	10.0
1	LEGAL AND REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT	88.3	89.3	78.9	57.2	24.7	18.8

Source: Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited and US Council on Competitiveness, 2016 Global Manufacturing Competitiveness Index



Least competitive

Most competitive



GROWTH CLUSTERS IN CNY

According to Battelle's findings, the clusters with the greatest prospects for growth are:

- (1) biosciences
- (2) digital and electronic devices
- (3) environmental systems (AMTEC)
- (4) packaging
- (5) precision metalworking

For all but the biosciences cluster, the potential clusters are at least 40 percent more concentrated in the region than they are nationally, with environmental systems four times more concentrated.





CHALLENGES FACING NYS MANUFACTURERS

- » Global Competition
- » Use of Unfair Trade Practices
- » Increases in Costs Burden on Manufacturing (ie. Taxes and Regulations)
- » Speed of Technological Change
- » Shifting of growth markets to Developing World
- » Growing Skills Gap and Difficulty in Finding Talent





OPPORTUNITIES IN MANUFACTURING

- » Global Growth Opportunities
- » Direct Foreign Investment in the US
- » Increasing cost competitiveness of US Manufacturing
- » Use of Technology
- » Conversation concerning use of Fair Trade Practices





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THANK YOU

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